

# LABORATORY OF ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

Laboratory exercise no.:	Consecutive protocol number:	Name and surname:
<b>3</b>		1. 2. 3.
<b>Title: Resonant amplifier</b>		Dean's group:      Laboratory group:
Date of the measurements:		Date of delivery of the report: <b>Grade:</b>

**2.1. The measurement of the frequency response of the amplifier with a single resonant circuit. Set up  $V_{we} = 20 mV_{RMS}$ ,  $f_0 \cong 465 kHz$ . Calculate  $K_u = V_{wy}/V_{we}$ , and  $A_0 = K_u(f_0)$ . Note! The probe introduces the constant signal attenuation 1:1700, which should be included in measurements: we *de facto* read out of the voltmeter  $V_{wy}/1700$ .**

Hint! For each of the circuits a, b, c, and d, first we find experimentally frequency  $f_0$  (approx. 465 kHz) for which the output voltage reaches the maximum value  $V_{wy,max}$ .

Circuit a: WY1, P1- open, P2- closed				Circuit b: WY1, P1- closed, P2- open			
$f_{we}$	$V_{wy}/1700$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$	$f_{we}$	$V_{wy}/1700$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$
[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]	[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]
$f_{L10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{L6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{L3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_0$	$V_{wy,max}$			$f_0$	$V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		

Circuit c: WY2, P1- open, P2- closed				Circuit d: WY2, P1- open, P2- closed			
$f_{we}$	$V_{wy}/1700$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$	$f_{we}$	$V_{wy}/1700$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$
[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]	[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]
$f_{L10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{L6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{L3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{L3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_0$	$V_{wy,max}$			$f_0$	$V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H3dB}$	$0,707 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H6dB}$	$0,5 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		
$f_{H10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$			$f_{H10dB}$	$0,316 \cdot V_{wy,max}$		

1) Calculate the voltage gain  $A_0 = K_u(f_0)$  and 3-dB bandwidth  $\Delta f_{3dB}$ .

Circuit	$L = \frac{1}{(2\pi f_0)^2 \cdot C_\Sigma}$	$R_D = 2\pi f_0 \cdot L \cdot Q_L$	$R_\Sigma = \left( \frac{1}{F \cdot r_o} + \frac{1}{R_D} + \frac{1}{p_1^2 \cdot R_0} \right)^{-1}$	$A_{0\ pom}$	$A_0 = g_m \cdot \frac{R_\Sigma}{p_1}$	$\Delta f_{3dB\ pom}$	$\Delta f_{3dB} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_\Sigma \cdot C_\Sigma}$
<b>a:</b> $p_1 = 1$ $R_0 = \infty$							
<b>b:</b> $p_1 = 1$ $R_0 = 18\ k\Omega$							
<b>c:</b> $p_1 = 2$ $R_0 = \infty$							
<b>d:</b> $p_1 = 2$ $R_0 = 4.3\ k\Omega$							

Assume in the calculations:  $g_m = 50 \text{ mS}$ ,  $Q_L = 50$ ,  $r_0 = 250 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $C_o \approx 0$ ,  $R_e = 47 \Omega$ ,  $C_1 = 3.2 \text{ nF}$ .

Results of auxiliary calculations ( $L$ ,  $R_D$ ,  $R_{\Sigma_1}$ ,  $R_{\Sigma_2}$ ) should be included in the above table. In addition, calculate:

$$g_m^* = \frac{g_m}{1 + g_m \cdot R_e} = \dots\dots\dots, F = 1 + g_m \cdot R_e = \dots\dots\dots, C_{\Sigma} = \frac{C_1}{2} = \dots\dots\dots$$

2) Plot the measured frequency characteristics  $K_u$  as a function of frequency (vertical axis: linear, horizontal axis: linear)

3) Compare the theoretically calculated and measured data: the gain  $A_0$  and 3-dB bandwidth  $\Delta f_{3dB}$ .

**2.2. Measuring the frequency response of the amplifier with a double resonant circuit (ask the teacher to set up the measuring system)**

You should observe the frequency response of the amplifiers with a double and a triple resonant circuits for all values of the coupling capacitances.

Find characteristic frequencies  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ , and  $f_3$  for the amplifier with a double resonant circuit, where:

$f_1$  - frequency of the first maximum on the characteristic;

$f_2$  - frequency of the minimum on the characteristic;

$f_3$  - frequency of the second maximum on the characteristic.

Amplifier with a double resonant circuit							
$V_{we} = 30 \text{ mV}_{RMS}$							
a. $C_{12a} = 68 \text{ pF}$ (rotary switch in position 1)				b. $C_{12c} = 33 \text{ pF}$ (rotary switch in position 3)			
$f_{we}$	$\frac{V_{wy}}{1700}$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$	$f_{we}$	$\frac{V_{wy}}{1700}$	$V_{wy}$	$K_u$
[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]	[kHz]	[mV]	[V]	[V/V]
$f_1$				$f_1$			
$f_2$				$f_2$			
$f_3$				$f_3$			

Draw the measured frequency characteristics for the amplifiers described in the above table, i.e.  $K_u(f)$ . The ordinate axis: linear, abscissa axis: linear.

**For all the measurement results, include your conclusions and observations. Compare the circuits with each other and write your own comments on the results.**